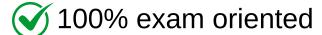


STUDY MATERIAL FOR BOILER OPERATION ENGINEER EXAMS









MORE INFO



GUJARAT BOILER EXAMINATION BOARD BOILER OPERATION ENGINEER EXAM - 2015.

PAPER -1 Section B

Date: 26/09/2016

Time: 10:30 AM to 01:00 PM

Day: Saturday

Marks: 70

Instruction:

- 1) Attempt all questions.
- 2) Wherever necessary draw neat sketch
- 3) Write new question on new page.

Q: 2(a) Write in short:

(10 MARKS)

- a) What is the principle of mechanical deaeration (pressure type) of boiler feed water?
- b) What are the principle heat losses that occur in a boiler?
- c) What are the various methods available to control the 'excess air' in a boiler?
- d) What is the effect of boiler loading on boiler efficiency?
- e) Why boiler blow-down is required?

Q: 2(b) Calculate the blow down rate for a Boiler with an evaporation rate of 3000 kg/hr, if the maximum permissible TDS in Boiler water is 3000 ppm and with 10% make up water addition. The feed water TDS is around 300 ppm. (5 MARKS)

Q: 3(a) During the ESP performance evaluation study the inlet gas stream to ESP is 289920 NM³/hr and the dust loading is 5500mg/NM³. The outlet gas stream from ESP is 301100 M³/hr and the dust loading is 110 mg/NM³. How much fly ash is collected in the system? (10 MARKS)

(10 MARKS)

Q: 3(b)

A plant having 100 KW back pressure turbine steam power plant parameters are as

under.

Coal input to boiler : 1550 kg/ hr

Turbine inlet steam Flow: 5100 kg/hr

Turbine inlet steam Pressure: 15 Kg / cm2 (G)

Turbine inlet steam temperature: 250 °C

Power output: 100 KW

Process steam flow from turbine outlet: 5100 kg/hr Process steam pressure at turbine outlet: 2 Kg / cm2 (G) Process steam temperature at turbine outlet: 130 °C

Determine Power generation efficiency of turbo generator.

- Q: 4 (a) In process plant steam being used in process for heating purpose. Following are (5 MARKS) condition
- a) Inlet mass of steam = 35000 kg/ hr
- b) Inlet steam Pressure = 5 kg/ cm²
- c) Inlet steam Temp. = 250°C
- d) Cooling water supply pressure = 10 kg/ cm²
- e) Cooling water supply temp. = 90°C
- f) Outlet steam pressure = 3.5 kg/ cm²
- g) Outlet steam temp. = saturation temp. + 5°C

Find out how much mass of water require for injection to reduce temperature?

- Q: 4 (b) In a Process plant a coal fired boiler of 78% efficiency is proposed to be replaced with Paddy Husk fired Boiler of 68% efficiency. Calculate the cost saving for changing over to Paddy Husk. (10 MARKS)
- a) C. V. of Coal = 4800 Kcal/ kg
- b) Cost of Coal = INR 4500/ MT
- c) C.V. of Husk = 3568 Kcal/kg
- d) Cost of Husk = INR 2500 /MT
- e) Steam Generation = 15 TPH

- f) Feed water Temperature = 120°C
- g) Steam Pressure = 42 ata , 420°C
- h) Annual Operating Hours of Boiler = 8000 Hours

Q: 5 (Answer any FIVE)

(20 MARKS)

- (a) In a coal sample it is found Ash is 40 %, Inherent Moisture is 3 % and Total Moisture is13 %.Using suitable Empirical Formula calculate UHV and GCV of coal.
- (b) In a coal sample it is found that total moisture as received basis is 13 %. Using suitable formula calculate GCV of the Dried coal if GCV of as received basis is 3400 kcal/kg.
- (c) Following parameters are noted from Ultimate analysis of Coal sample
- i) Carbon-40 % ii) Sulphur-- 2 % iii) Hydrogen-- 4 %

Calculate theoretical quantity of air required in Kg. If boiler is operated at 4 % excess oxygen then calculate actual air quantity in Kg.

- (d) Calculate pressure drop in a 100 NB, 150 mtr long horizontal steam pipe. Velocity of steam in pipe is 3 mtr/sec. Constant friction factor 0.005
- (e) How much heat will be required to increase 50 tons of Feed water at 120 centigradeto 240 centigrade?
- (f) The safety valve of a Boiler is set at 42 kg/cm2. During testing it is found valvelifts at 45 kg/cm2 and reset at 39.5 kg/cm2. Calculate i) Over pressure ii) % Blowdown
- (g) Calculate Efficiency of a 200 tph, 100 kg/cm2, 520 centigrade boiler, if 1050 tons of coal with GCV of 3700 kcal/kg is consumed per day. Feed water inlet temperature is 135 centigrade and make up is negligible.

GUJARAT BOILER EXAMINATION BOARD

Boiler Operation Engineer Exam -2016

Paper -II

Date: - 26/11/2016

Time: - 02.30PM to 05.30PM

Day: - Saturday

Section -II

Marks: - 70

Time: - 2hrs.30Min.

Instructions:-

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Draw Sketch where ever required.
- 3. Marks for each question indicated on right side.

Q - 2.

(20Marks)

- A. Write any one case history of pressure part failure of boiler with details and how the same reported and attended till restart of boiler.
- B. Describe Direct and Indirect methods of boiler efficiency calculations.
- C. How you can come to know that your boiler is required chemical cleaning explain.
- D. Mention various techniques of non destructive examination and explain ultrasonic testing method.
- Q 3. Write the difference between following: -

(20Marks)

- A. AFBC boiler v/s CFBC boiler.
- Bag filter ash collector v/s ESP ash collector.
- Dry preservation of boilers v/s Wet preservation of boilers.
- Water cooled condenser v/s Air cooled condenser.
- E. Convection v/s Radiation Heat Transfer.

(20 marks)

- A. What type of control system adapted to take care of steam demand fluctuations, water level control and steam pressure control fluctuations?
- B. What are the cause and cure of foaming and priming in boiler?
- C. What is the purpose of soot blowers and explain various types of soot blowers.
- Explain cold end corrosion and hot end corrosion.

-(10 marks)

- Q-5 Attend any Four
 - A. pH value of water and its effect.
 - B. What are the major steps in NOX control strategy?
 - C. Explain what will be the effect in chimney draught in winter and summer, if the flue gas temperature remains same.
 - D. What are the advantages of oil and gas fuel compared with coal?
 - E. Write down the value of 1bar pressure in PSI, kPa, Mpa, Kgf/cm2, mm of Hg.

Candidate Exam. Seat No. A008

GUJARAT BOILER EXAMINATION BOARD BOILER OPERATION ENGINEER EXAMINATION-2016

Paper-3 (Drawing) Section-B Date: 27-11-2016 Time: 10.30 AM to 2.00 PM

Instructions: 1. Attempt all questions.

- 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3. Make suitable assumptions if needed and justify.
- 4. Dimensions are in mm or otherwise specify.
- Q.2 Draw the assembly drawing in cross sectional elevation of the Flanged Coupling [20] Unprotected type whose details is given in Fig.2. Take scale of 1:1.
- Q.3 Write Any Four of the followings.

[60]

(a) Draw with standard dimensions slip-on flange (Table-H) for carbon steel pipe of Nominal bore 100 mm and OD 116 mm with following details.

 $W.P. = 14 \text{ kg/cm}^2$

PCD = 190 mm Bolt size = 16 mm

Flange O.D.= 230 mm

Flange thickness= 25 mm

- (b) Draw the long radius 90° elbow 50 mm nominal pipe size, OD= 60 mm, centre to end distance = 76 mm and Radius = 76 mm
- (c) Draw the hemispherical end cap for pipe of nominal size 100 mm, OD = 116 mm, Straight Face = 20 mm. Write the thickness of cap.
- (d) Draw the roller support for 100 mm steam line. Write the name of its parts.
- (e) Draw the hoop (eye) bolt of size 50 mm for foundation with standard proportions.
- (f) Draw the explosion door of economiser of size 600 mm width and 900 mm height.
- (g) Draw the flash steam vessel to collect condensate water.
- (h) Draw the steam separator for 100 mm steam pipe line.

